Report of the Board of Education of the City of Plainfield, New Jersey, for the Year Ending on June the Thirtieth, 1916



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BOARD OF EDUCATION, 1916

FLOYD T. WOODHULL	Vice-President
ALBERT A. TILNEY	Secretary
MEMBERS	
FLOYD T. WOODHULL, 205 Stelle Avenue	1917
Archibald Cox, 1415 Watchung Avenue	1918
ALBERT A. TILNEY, 966 Central Avenue	1919
Frank J. Hubbard, 109 West Fifth Street	1920

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

DR. B. VAN D. HEDGES, 518 Watchung Avenue 1921

HENRY M. MAXSON

Office in High School Building, West Ninth Street and Arlington Avenue. Tel. 2361
Office Hours: 8.30 a. m. to 9.00 a. m. on school days

BOARD OF EDUCATION OFFICE

Office in High School Building. Telephone 2361 Office Hours: 8.30 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Benjamin W. Evans	Clerk of the Board Telephone 605-J
Hugh B. Sweeny	Assistant to Clerk Telephone 608-M
	C

A. MILDRED GREENE Secretary to Superintendent
416 West Sixth Street Telephone 2620-W

MEDICAL INSPECTOR A. F. VAN HORN, M. D., 514 Central Avenue

DENTAL INSPECTOR
Dr. Guy H. Hillman, 720 Irving Place

CUSTODIAN OF SCHOOL MONEYS
ARTHUR E. CRONE, City National Bank, Telephone 1576

COUNSEL TO THE BOARD
CHARLES A. REED, 203 Park Avenue, Telephone 2001

ATTENDANCE SUPERVISOR

MARGARET C. Holly

Office in High School Building, Telephone 2361

STANDING COMMITTEES

SCHOOL

ARCHIBALD COX B. VAND. HEDGES FLOYD T. WOODHULL

BUILDING

FLOYD T. WOODHULL ALBERT A. TILNEY FRANK J. HUBBARD

FINANCE

ALBERT A. TILNEY FRANK J. HUBBARD B. VAND. HEDGES

APPOINTMENT OF BOARD MEMBERS

One member is appointed by the Mayor in January each year for a term of five years.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS
February first or on the following day if this be a Sunday.

TUITION FEE FOR NON-RESIDENTS

Pupils residing outside the city limits are admitted to the Public Schools, as far as the accommodations will permit, upon payment of the following tuition fees:

High School, per quarter (ten weeks)\$14.00 Grammar School, per quarter (ten weeks) 9.00 Primary School, per quarter (ten weeks) 6.00

BOARD MEETINGS

Stated meetings of the Board second Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Rooms, High School Building. Bills should be in the hands of the Clerk not later than the 28th day of the month preceding that in which the bills are to be paid.

SCHOOL SESSIONS

High School	From 8.30 a. m. to 2 p. m.
Grammar School	From 8.30 a. m. to 2 p. m.
Whittier School	From 8.30 a. m. to 2 p. m.
Primary Schools From 9 to	11.45 a. m., 1.30 to 3 p. m.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT

On one-session days, close at 12.30 p. m.

SCHOOL CALENDAR, 1916-1917

Fall Term-

Begins Tuesday, September 12, 1916 Ends Friday, December 22, 1916

Winter Term-

Begins Tuesday, January 2, 1917 Ends Friday, March 30, 1917

Spring Term-

Begins Monday, April 9, 1917 Ends Thursday, June 21, 1917

Fall Term-

Begins Tuesday, September 11, 1917 Ends Friday, December 21, 1917

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

JULY 1, 1915—JUNE 30, 1916

\$101,742 47		\$319,137 53
\$10,221 22 88,010 00 1,817 72 \$1,693 53	\$ 275 27 1,647 40 5,000 00 5,000 00 7,000 00 12,000 00 121 76 4 90	\$280,637 53
Balances, July 1, 1915 High School Addition Fund. Evergreen Avenue School Fund. Manual Training Fund. Other Balances.	High School Addition Fund Evergreen Avenue School Fund Manual Training Fund, Received from State Transferred from General Fund. Emerson School Fund, from City Council in anticipation of Bond Issue Appropriated from District Taxes. Refunded by Fidelity Trust Company. Building, Repairing and Furnishing Fund Library Funds, from State and Schools. General Fund. Transferred from Repair Account.	Loans.

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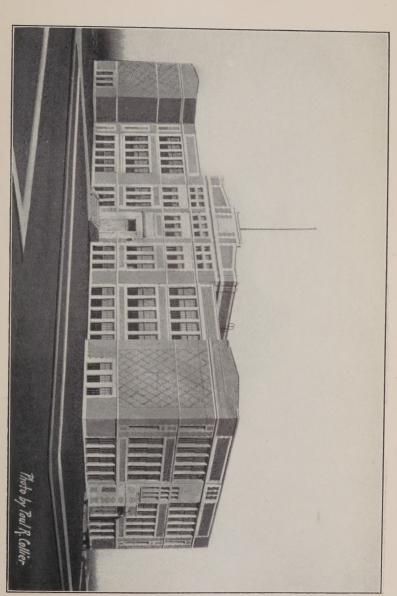
c c	43.20,409 05 38,500 00		17,004 90	36,886 05	\$420,880 00
\$ 889 56 80,336 23 11,364 71 235,898 55		\$ 4 90 5,000 00 12,000 00	\$ 9,606 93 9,321 17 1,089 58	16 mola-	
High School Addition Fund. Evergreen Avenue School Fund. Emerson School Fund. General Disbursements as below.	Repayment of Current Loans	To General Fund. To Manual Training Fund. To Repair Account.	Balances, June 30, 1916 High School Addition Fund Evergreen Avenue School Fund Manual Training, transferred from General Fund Other Funds and Balances.		

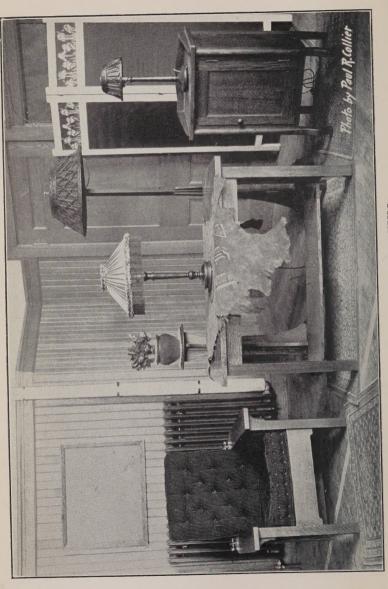
DETAIL OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM MANUAL TRAINING AND GENERAL FUNDS

Cost of Instruction: Salaries:

\$15	5,379 02
Superintendent, Principals, Supervisors and Teachers. Summer School—Principal and Teachers. Evening School—Principal and Teachers. Text Books.	Educational Material, Supplies and Other Expenses of Instruction

4	1 4	00	0	1 00			∞	6,
10,728 14	\$181,462 54	84.055	191 20	\$5,147 08			\$10,755 38	\$28,222 79
\$7,934 00 2,794 14		\$2,853 03 2,102 85	\$191 20		\$2,871 45 1,146 51	5,996 48 740 94		\$16,322 42 412 58 5,754 10 5,287 75 291 60 154 34
Manual Training Fund: Salaries Manual Training Supplies	Total Cost of Instruction	Auxiliary Agencies: Promotion of Health. Lectures and Recreation.	School Libraries: Books and Works of Art.	Total Auxiliary Agencies	Cost of Conducting School System: Educational Administration. Expenses of Superintendent's and Principal's Offices	Financial Administration: Expenses of Office of Board of Education. Telephone	Total Cost of Conducting School System	Cost of Operation of School Plant: Wages of Janitors, Engineers, etc. Wages of Other Employees Fuel Light, Water and Power Cartage Freight and Express.





	\$29,559 51		\$6,925 92		\$2,048 12	\$235,898 55	Cox, President. NEY, Secretary.
77 89 1,151 33 7 50 100 001		\$5,539 09 961 23 425 60		\$1,000 00 610 00 438 12			ARCHIBALD Cox, President. A. A. Tilney, Secretary.
H				018			Archi A. A.
Laundry Janitors' Supplies Incidentals (Interest on Notes charged to Incidental Estimate) Leasing of Building for Schools (Charged to Contingencies Estimate)	Total Cost of Operation of School Plant	Cost of Maintenance of Plant: Repairs to Buildings. Repairs, Replacements of Furniture and Equipment. Contingencies Insurance	Total Cost of Maintenance of Plant	Capital Charges: Payment on Mortgage. Interest on Bonds. Interest on Notes.	Total Capital Charges	Total as above	

As the result of the audit of the accounts of your Board for the year ended June 30, 1916, we hereby certify: that we have found all receipts duly entered, all disbursements properly authorized, and the above Statement of Receipts and Disbursements correct.

New York, August 19, 1916.

Loomis, Suffern & Fernald, Certified Public Accountants.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT

To the Board of Education.

Gentlemen: Through you I submit herewith to the citizens of Plainfield my report of the schools under your charge for the school year ending July 30, 1916, the twenty-fourth report that I have had the pleasure of submitting to the Plainfield Board of Education.

The general statistics are as follows:

Total Enrollment		٠						٠	٠			4,485
Average Enrollmer												
Average Attendance												
Number of Teacher	rs				 	٠				۰		155

This shows a gain in enrollment of 160 pupils, which would require four additional classrooms for their accommodation, if they were all grouped in one school. The increase is, however, scattered through the various schools of the city and requires no immediate accommodation. It is this annual increase of 160 to 200 pupils, however, that in time results in overcrowding and requires the building of new schools. The opening of the Evergreen School, which was occupied in the spring, and the new Emerson, to be opened in the fall, will take care of the increase in the eastern part of the city for some years to come.

ATTENDANCE

School School	Enroll- ment	Average Membership	Average Attendance		
High School	. 749	683	633	93	2,323
Grammar	. I,242	1,105	1,033	93 87	1,587
Primary	. 1,986	1,734	1,512	87	2,936
Kindergarten	. 431	336	226	67	218

The average attendance, exclusive of kindergartens, is 90%. Considering that this includes the very young children in the low primary grades, it is a satisfactory average. More and more the parents are coming to understand that school is a business matter, and that school attendance has a money value in the future life of the child, and therefore only matters of real importance or necessity should be permitted to interfere with his attendance every day that the school is open.

CONDITION OF SCHOOLS

The work of the schools has gone on during the year with the usual success. The corps of teachers has maintained its high grade of excellence, and the co-operation of the homes has been generally cordial and helpful.

No marked change has been made in the character of the school work, but with the enlarged quarters and greater convenience afforded by the new High School building, with its equipment, that school has continued to show increased efficiency. The completion of the Evergreen School permitted us to transfer to that building in the spring, the pupils temporarily accommodated in the Stillman building. The Evergreen was occupied by six classes when opened in the fall. Three more classes will be transferred to that building, thus nine of the thirteen rooms will be occupied at once. This will take all of the regular classes out of the Stillman building, which will then be used entirely for the classes of retarded pupils. During the year there were four half-time classes in the Lincoln School and two classes on half time in the church building on Leland Avenue. The conditions were, of course, inconvenient and unsatisfactory. This will be relieved most efficiently by the opening of the Emerson School in the fall.

BROADER USE OF SCHOOLS

For reasons of economy, the *Summer School* in 1915 was confined to pupils in the grades, no provision being made for High School pupils. As in previous years there was an eager demand for the opportunities offered and a large number of boys and girls were, thereby, saved the loss of a year by being enabled to go on with their classes, through use of the Summer School. The High School pupils who were in need of help had to meet the difficulty as best they could, in some cases going to neighboring towns that maintain a summer school of high school grade.

The Evening Schools, for like reasons, were curtailed in their scope, graded classes being opened only for foreign born

pupils or those very deficient in schooling.

In advanced work, classes were formed only in Mechanical

Drawing, Sewing and Cooking.

The large numbers that poured into the classes in high school subjects when they were offered two years ago showed that there is an earnest demand for opportunities for advanced work. The past winter some earnest inquirers for various subjects that would increase their efficiency as wage earners and as citizens, have been greatly disappointed to find that we have no such evening classes. Just as soon as finances will permit, these advanced classes should be restored.

The Public School Course of Evening Lectures was even more successful than in previous years. The entertainments proved to be of high grade and very interesting and the evening

attendance rose as high as 900 at times.

The course was as follows:

October 7, 1915—Lotus Glee Club, "An Evening of Song."

October 28—A. S. Riggs, "Expositions of 1915 as Landmarks of Human Progress." (Profusely illustrated by many beautiful pictures of interesting features of the fairs.)

November 18—Edwin A. Havers, "Marvels of Modern Photography." (Photographs of science, art and travel, taken under strange conditions.)

December 9—Harry C. Ostrander, "Mohammedan Lands." (An intimate description of the home life of the Turks.)

January 6, 1916—Apollo Male Quartet, "Gems From the Opera."

January 27—Arthur K. Peck, "Quaint Little Holland." (The kindly host of a war-stricken nation.)

February 17—Robert G. Weyh, Jr., "Our National Parks." (Illustrated by many beautiful pictures taken by the lecturer.)

March 9-B. L. Baumgardt, "Romance of Man."

March 30—John C. Welsh, "The Army and Navy." Our national defence on land and sea.)

The Evening Recreation Committee conducted a very interesting and successful work as in past years, covering about the same lines as heretofore but doing more work with children in the afternoons. In the Washington School they worked mainly through the West End Civic Association which has taken charge of the social activities in that school.

The Public Library has used various school buildings as library stations and has worked closely with the summer play-

grounds.

The High School Auditorium has had increasing use by various organizations for lectures, entertainments and various social affairs, while the Gymnasium and the Swimming Pool have contributed their share to the public welfare by their use by various classes of men and women not connected with the day schools.

SPELLING

Spelling is one of the most criticised of the school subjects. Society has determined that ability to spell shall be one of the "hall marks" of an educated man. Since this is so, the school must give its pupils power to spell correctly, but the carrying out of this purpose involves many questions which are debatable:

How many words shall we require them to learn?

Must all children learn the words that the mason or carpenter or plumber or the business man expects his clerks to spell correctly?

Shall we require children to learn scores of words they will never use in their own writing?

In the past, schools as a whole have failed to produce good spelling, because they have tried to cover too much ground. Spelling books contain 8,000 or 10,000 or more words. Another cause of failure is the inclusion of so many words that are outside of the child's world.

In my effort to increase the efficiency of our work in spelling, I have reached the conclusion that we should cut down the list of words to a minimum and strive to make sure that our pupils actually do fix the spelling of those words. Following out this plan, I have selected a minimum list of about 250 words for each of the grades. In the first five grades these words are chosen from the vocabulary that the children themselves use. In the higher grades, I have introduced a number of other words not in the child's vocabulary but which he might need to use in meeting the demands of other people. These words have been printed in the form of a check list for each grade. The child is given the list for his own grade and the grade preceding. The teacher, at the beginning of the year, proceeds to test the child on the list of the previous grade, the pupil checking on his list each word that he fails to spell correctly. These checked words form the list which he especially needs to drill upon. After some weeks of drill, the list is again given, and each pupil checks up his errors for still further study on the weak spots. When the words of the previous year have been perfected, the list of the grade is given in the same way, the aim being to detect the particular words that are difficult for the individual child and then to drill him on those special words until he attains practical perfection in spelling the list of his grade.

Some years ago, Prof. W. Franklin Jones, of the University of South Dakota, devoted much time to the study of the words often misspelled by children in their compositions and letters, and from these he selected a list of 100 words most frequently misspelled. This list, which he calls the "One Hundred Demons," I have also printed in the form of a check list, and each grade is drilled specially on this three times a year. It is my belief that if we can fix the spelling of this one hundred words, we shall remove much of the criticism of poor spelling. As a matter of interest to parents that have children who are poor spellers,

I append the list of Demons.

The difficulty of the work is shown by the fact that even after a class has been drilled persistently through the year and

the work tested and checked up three times, still a third or a half of the class will miss one or more of the one hundred words. As a result, however, of this special drill focused on a limited list of words, the spelling has been greatly improved during the year.

"Spelling Demons"

which guess sure thev their savs there half separate having loose. break don't iust lose. buv meant doctor Wednesday again Lusiness whether country very believe many February none friend knew know week some could often been tear (noun) seems whole since choose Tuesday won't used tired wear cough always grammar answer piece where minute two raise women anv too ache done much ready read hear beginning forty said here blue hour hoarse write though trouble shoes writing coming among tonight heard early busy wrote does instead built enough once easy color truly through would making sugar can't every dear straight

MANUAL ARTS

It is in this department that the modern school is showing the most change. While we are trying all along the line to adapt school more closely to the needs of the child in gaining an equipment to meet the demands his future will make upon him, the field of Manual Arts, including Vocational Education, furnishes the widest opportunity for change and expansion.

While we now have in the High School clearly defined courses in Manual Arts for boys and also similar courses for girls, the value of this department is not measured by the number of pupils that choose these courses. Pupils in all other courses are encouraged to take one or more of the subjects in Manual Arts as extra work and, in increasing numbers, they are availing themselves of the opportunity. The department is thus

serving a most useful office in hand education and in training in domestic arts for the whole school, the pupil whose work is mainly linguistic still being able to get some training for the mechanical side of his nature.

Our work in this department has shown much progress during the year. Under Mr. Hopper, the supervisor, the work in the High School was enlarged and extended, drawing in a larger number of pupils in the regular courses and also more pupils who took manual training as an addition to the regular work of other courses. The exhibition held at the end of the year showed a very marked improvement in the character of the work executed by the pupils. In fact, the high grade of work in the va-

rious lines was surprising.

The projects undertaken by the individual pupils have been more practical in their nature and of greater value in their products. Many of the desks and chairs and other furniture made by the boys, and the dresses and other domestic material made by the girls, had real commercial excellence and value. One particularly interesting feature of the exhibit was a set of kindergarten chairs made by the boys in the High School for the new kindergarten in the Evergreen School. No one could inspect the exhibit without appreciating the great value which these classes have in cultivating the mechanical instinct and furnishing the pupils with a wider practical equipment for the work of life. Photographs of some of the work exhibited are given in this report. Everything shown in the pictures was made by the pupils, including tables, chairs and other furniture.

The housekeeping cottage, on the High School grounds, was utilized more widely for giving the older girls in the grades, who are not likely to come to high school, a training in real household arts with the purpose of making them better housekeepers and

more efficient in domestic employments.

I include a report from the Manual Arts Supervisor showing briefly the work we are doing and some of the extensions we anticipate.

REPORT OF MANUAL ARTS DEPARTMENT

General

The following report covers briefly the various activities of the Manual Arts Department. The present tendency to embrace more varieties of industrial work in the public schools is

receiving due consideration.

We now have well defined courses in woodwork, patternmaking, woodturning, jewelry-work, metal-work, cooking, sewing, and mechanical drawing. During the present school year, we expect to add millinery, clay-work, forging, machine shop work, concrete work, elementary electrical work, and architectural drawing. A printing shop would be a very serviceable and valuable addition to our department, as nearly all the printed matter required by the schools could be handled by the pupils.

1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Grades—Handwork

In the first and second grades, the handwork is confined chiefly to paper cutting and cardboard construction work. Raffia and reed work are introduced in the third and fourth grades. On account of the high cost of paper, raffia, and reed, it would be much more economical to put in a course of clay-work and pottery in the grades. This would gradually take the place of the work we are now doing; moreover, the educational value would be greater. We would have to purchase a kiln which could also be used in connection with our High School Arts and Crafts classes. The kiln would pay for itself in less than three years in the saving of raffia and reed.

Elementary Sewing

Sewing is now given for a full year in the fifth and sixth grades and for half a year in the seventh and eighth grades.

Elementary Cooking

Cooking is given for half a year in the seventh and eighth grades alternately with sewing. A special course is also given to those not promoted from the grades and to over age pupils.

Elementary Woodwork

Elementary woodwork is being given in the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth grades. This year we are planning to introduce several other industrial activities in these grades.

High School Sewing

Most of the sewing centers around the Home Arts course, although a number of pupils elect this subject for one or more years. It includes pattern drafting and advanced dressmaking; millinery is introduced in the last two years of the course. The work is correlated with the Fine Arts Department.

High School Cooking

Most of the High School cooking also centers around the Home Arts course, although, as in the sewing, a number of pupils elect this subject for one or more years. The work includes dietetics, invalid and convalescent cooking.

High School Woodwork

The work in this department is being developed along practical lines. Part of the school year is devoted to community

WORK OF MANUAL ARTS PUPILS

WORK OF MANUAL ARTS PUPILS

work. At the present time, the boys are completing an order for fifty kindergarten chairs for the Evergreen Avenue School.

This job has been handled under the factory system, thus giving the students an opportunity to obtain an insight into industrial conditions.

Last year a complete suite of bedroom furniture was made for the Practice Cottage. This year we are planning to design and make furniture suitable for a nursery. When completed it will be used in the Practice Cottage in connection with the Home Arts Courses.

The work in this department is correlated with the Fine Arts Department where period styles and design form part of the required work for those taking Industrial Arts Courses.

There is also a close correlation between the drawing room

and the woodworking shop.

In addition to the community work mentioned, each student is allowed sufficient time to make something for himself. Among the projects being made are chairs, tables, music cabinets, costumers, hall racks, dressers, book cases, desks, davenports, bedroom suites, screens, and general cabinet work.

Mechanical Drawing

Part of this work is elective and part compulsory, according to the course taken. The work includes working drawings of projects to be made in the shop, elementary and advanced machine drawing and machine design, tracing and blue-prints are made, and the latest drafting room practice is followed. Elementary architectural drawing was introduced last year and is being followed up this year by more advanced work.

Arts and Crafts Work

This work is elective and is open to all High School pupils. The materials used are brass, copper, silver and leather. The course includes etching, repousse, and filigree work, also the setting of semi-precious stones. Among the articles made are watch fobs, calendars, letter holders, paper cutters, trays, bowls, candle sticks, lamps, rings, brooches, pendants, chains, etc.

Practice Cottage

When the High School property was purchased the small dwelling on the rear of the lot was retained in its place. This is being fitted out as a model tenement by the Manual Arts pupils, and is proving a valuable asset to the Manual Arts Departments, making the Home Arts Courses more practical than would otherwise be possible. The routine of household work is taught under actual conditions. It includes general housekeeping, laundry work and dining room service. Meals are planned, cooked and served in the cottage by the pupils. During the year short unit

courses are given to adults. These courses have proven very popular; in fact, last year we could not accommodate all those who wished to join.

Opportunity Classes

The placing of all the opportunity classes in the Stillman School has helped to make the work more effective. Much of this work is necessarily of an industrial nature. Last year it was confined to basketry, caning, and woodwork and some elementary clay modeling. This year we are planning to introduce concrete work and shoe repairing. Up to the present time most of the materials used in these classes have been paid for from the proceeds of projects sold. A good part of the source of income was caning and basketry. On account of the present high cost of this material we have been obliged to stop making projects of this nature. While the work we are now introducing will not bring in such a good return, it will, however, be of much more educational value to the pupils. In the near future additional equipment and tools will be necessary if we are to carry on the work successfully.

Respectfully submitted,

ARTHUR F. HOPPER,

Supervisor of Manual Arts.

AIM OF THE SCHOOLS

Many things in the modern school are criticised through ignorance of their aim. Once it was thought that education consisted simply of schooling. The years in the child's life before he went to school and the years after he left school had no part in his education. Now we realize that education begins the day a child is born and continues until the day of his death. Schooling is but a part of his education and even during the years he is at school his education is influenced almost as much by the things outside of school as by the school itself. Education is a process of developing the child into ripened and perfected manhood. In this process the child acquires knowledge, habits, tastes, ideals and power. The old time school dealt only with book knowledge; it concentrated its efforts on the intellect of the The modern school in its wider view of education broadens its field to include the whole nature of the child and attempts to influence and shape his education outside of school as well as in school, and this includes many things that seem strange and wasteful to one who is familiar only with the old time school ideas that dealt only with book learning.

The aim of the modern school, which we are trying to work out in Plainfield, has been well formulated by the city of Pittsburg:

"The Schools of the People should give to the children:

"Ample provision for exercise and joyous play.

"Buildings simple, but stately; thoughtfully planned, skil-

fully built, generously equipped.

"A course of study offering training for service and appreciation; presenting in the order of their importance those things which contribute to a strong, healthy body, an alert, sure mind, a fine, steadfast spirit.

"Those things in art or craft which develop to the full the latent ability of each one to serve his fellows with dexterous hand, a lofty mind, and a glad heart, rich in

response to the beautiful and noble in life.

"Teachers who love children with a parent's love and books with a scholar's fondness; who find beauty and joy in service; are large of vision, learners always.

"A training which leads from learning and doing on to wisdom, to high ideals, to service as a sacred trust, to

worthy citzenship, to character.

"And, having given these things to the children, the Schools of the People should also give to all citizens an exalted, neighborly life more abundant, making the Big Red School House a radiating center, for the final good of all Americans, and then for the World."

The Plainfield Board of Education have been watchful for improvements but cautious in their adoption. When they have become convinced of the usefulness and value of a new idea, they have adopted it, and in many things Plainfield has the satisfaction of being among the first to take advanced steps in what has later

become universal.

Medical inspection, early adopted by us, is now required by law in all schools; so with methods of enforcing school attendance. Dental inspection, while not yet required by law, is being universally introduced, and in some cities free dental clinics are being established by boards of education in the school itself; summer classes are being established even in cities less than half the size of Plainfield; the enlarged use of school buildings by the general public outside of school hours is now specifically encouraged by state law, and in California the law requires that school rooms shall be provided free of cost to any civic body that asks for them. It is a source of pride to the citizens that the foresight of the Board in providing the best for their children has received such sound endorsement.

The fundamental, all-important purpose of the school is to prepare its pupils for performing the duties of citizenship and of manhood and womanhood in the most efficient and enlightened manner. In this the school was never as efficient as it is today. The cry now raised in some quarters that the school should do more than it now does in preparing pupils for wage earning is not due to change in school work or decrease in school efficiency, but rather to change in home conditions and to a decrease in the efficiency of the training which the child receives outside the school.

A generation ago, the child received in the home a training which fitted him for successful wage earning under the conditions of that day. Business and trade were more loosely conducted and demanded far less of the children, so that school deficiencies were not noted. Whenever comparisons are based on facts, not on mere memory where distance lends enchantment to the view, it is found that children of today in the matter of the three R's are far ahead of their parents at the same age.

But the home no longer teaches the child industrial arts; change in industrial methods have greatly diminished his opportunity for out-of-school training. Business, under the impulse of modern drive and exactness, demands infinitely more of the children when they come to it, as workers. Because the complexities of life have so largely increased in these days, the graduate of the high school now stands only about where the graduate of the grammar school stood a generation ago. Recognition of this fact is one of the reasons for the very large growth of the high school.

Hence arises occasionally the cry of school inefficiency. Since the child must be prepared to meet most efficiently the problems that will come to him, and outside agencies no longer furnish this preparation, the school must undertake the additional work that is required. This leads up to the recognition of a second fundamental function of the school, that it should discover the special abilities and talents of each child and administer to those special needs and train those special aptitudes so as to develop each to his fullest capacity. The wide range of subjects in the High School curriculum is a development in this direction.

Providing separate classes for defectives is another part of this special work, recognizing as it does the limitation of ability in certain children and striving to develop that limited ability in the most effective way.

But the full adoption of this principle of industrial preparation means a large expansion of school work. The city of Los Angeles, for instance, gives its pupils courses in architecture, mechanics, electricity, designing, drafting, dressmaking, millinery, costume designing, household mathematics, cookery, music, art, accounting, stenography, typewriting, journalism, printing, automobiling, marine industries, engineering, fruit raising, poultry raising, farming, and mercantile efficiency.

The movement is right; but those who advocate it should

understand clearly that it means a large increase in cost, for three reasons: first, the equipment for much of this work is costly; second, it means the employment of a much larger number of men teachers for whom higher wages must be paid; third, it means much smaller classes, which in turn necessitates a larger

number of teachers for the same number of pupils.

As yet, Plainfield has not advanced far in the direction of special training. We are providing excellent opportunities for the High School pupils in Commercial subjects and in Science and Domestic Arts; we have classes for subnormal children; our Manual Training department is affording an opportunity for training the hand in a general way; but there is but little in the elementary schools that directly supplies the needs of the pupils that go into the industries to find their life work.

We cannot meet this need under present conditions. It requires room and equipment. When the time comes that we can command the accommodation, we should enlarge our work in

this direction.

SCHOOL EFFICIENCY

We have been fortunate in keeping our teaching force up to a high level of efficiency. We do not often have our teachers leave us for other places, but marriage and home necessities create some vacancies every year. Adding to this the new teachers that are required by the growth of the schools, we find it necessary to obtain about twenty teachers each year. Only by selecting the very best can we keep up our standard of schools.

As a body the Plainfield teachers are of unusual excellence,

both as teachers and as men and women.

I wish to express my appreciation of the cordial assistance they have given me in every way in my effort to make the Plainfield Schools as good as the best.

Respectfully submitted,

HENRY M. MAXSON.

REPORT OF ATTENDANCE SUPERVISOR

To the Board of Education.

GENTLEMEN: In reviewing the year's work of 1915-1916 in the Attendance Department, I herewith submit the following report of 2,279 cases reported by the following schools in our city:

1914-15	1915-16	Inc.	Dec.
Bryant School 182	243	61	
Franklin School 323	346	23	
High School 36	35		I
Irving School 104	94		10
Jefferson School 118	106		12
Lincoln School 275	330	55	
Open Air School 36	25		II
Grammar 194	264	70	
St. Mary's 42	78	36	
Stillman (Special Classes) 250	284	34	
Washington School 303	304	I	
Whittier School 101	167.	66	

Chief causes of non-attendance, obtained by visiting in the homes:

1912	4-15 1915	-16 Inc.	. Dec.
Illness in home I.	49 144	4	5
Illness of pupil 4	03 602	2 199	
Truants 3	27 238	3	89
Clothing		5	26
Pediculosis	7	3 1	
Tardy	30 72	2	. 58
Working under age I		5	8
Delinquent parents 19		3 22	
Vaccination	6 54	4 48	
	66 80	0 14	
Left city without notifying school	62 79	9 17	
Moving	52 3	5	17
A	13 18		5
70 4 14	23 68	8 45	
Returned before calling	16	8	
Miscellaneous 2	13 16	3	50

Disposition of cases:

	1914-15	1915-16	Inc.	Dec.
Reported to School Nurse		89	53	
Reported to Charity Organization	30	38	-8	
Reported to Nursing Bureau	2	7	5	
Reported to Board of Health	5	6	I	
Reported to Street Department	I	0		1
Reported to Day Nursery		I	. I	
Reported to State Board of Chi	il-			
dren's Guardians		I	I	
Reported to Tuberculosis Society		3	3	

Duette auto 1 t 1 t	914-15	1915-16	Inc.	Dec.
Pupils entered in school not at-				
tending any school	29	31	2	
Transfers to out-of-town schools	76	127	51	
Transfers to special classes		48		
Found incorrigible	4	4		
Pupils on observation		45		
Number of Legal Notices served		,,,		
on parents	162	137		25
Number of notices to send their				3
children more regularly to school				
Number of medical legal notices				
served on parents	6	4		2
Number of vaccination orders given	31	79	48	~
Number of Age and Schooling Cer-	J-	19	40	
tificates granted to pupils under				
16 and over 14 having finished				
the 5th grade	78	00	ar.	
Number of Age and Work Certi-	70	99	21	
ficates given to pupils over 10				
attending school	TEO	141		0
Total certificates given		240	12	9
Positions obtained	12	9	12	3
Age and Work certificates taken		9		3
from pupils		2		
Notices to employers to discontinue		_		
employing children of school				
age	II	17	6	
Cases investigated for Emigration		•		
Bureau		9		
Cases referred to Police and taken				
to school	12	11		I
Cases taken to school by Supervisor	10	21	11	
Cases taken to court	50	31		19
Complaints:				
Truancy				9
Dishonesty				3
Delinquent parents				12
Working during school hou				2
Incorrigibility				4
To re-enter school				I
				 31
Disposition of court cases:				
Placed in care of parents				15
Parents fined and sentence				12
Held for Juvenile Court				2
Placed on probation				I
Placed in Arlington Protect	tory .			I
				— 3I
DI 11 17 11 G				
Disposition of Juvenile Cases:				

N. J. State Home for Boys

Total number of children placed un school year 1915-16		cial environ	ment durin	g . 9
Placed with relatives N. J. State Home for Boy N. J. School for Colored Roman Catholic Protectory N. J. State Village for Ep N. J. State School for Feeb	s, James Youth, B Arlingt	burg ordentown on		2 1 2 1 1
Visita made in homes, featonies and	1914-15	1915-16	Inc.	Dec.
Visits made in homes, factories and stores	т 624	1,698	74	
Telephone messages to schools, etc Office interviews	. 927	1,235 715	308	
Letters written		967	101	
Record of pupils leaving school (Including only the grades)				
	Sept.	Jan.	June	Total
TT 4 0 1	1915	1916	1916	(0
Have left city		122	127	468
Deceased	7	I 0	2	3
Ill health	10	17	16	52
Left to work not finishing 8th grade	*9	-/	20	3-
and under 16	78	33	62	173
Left to attend St. Mary's School	19			19
Admitted to Institutions	2	4	5	II
C 1 1 C 1 1 1	. ,	т.		
School census of children under	er sixteei	n years, Jul	y, 1916.	
Homes visited (every home in the				
Homes vacant				. 215
Homes with children under 16				3,439
Homes with no children under 16 Homes refused information				2,354
Number of children under 16 years	of age.			6,716
Number of children under 5 years	of age.			. 2,341
Number of children between 5 and	16			. 4,375
Number of children in public school	ols under	: 16		. 3,190
Number of children in Parochial So	chool	• • • • • • • • • • •		. 481
Number of children in out-of-town Number of children in private scho				
Number of children between 5 and				
Number of children between 5 and	7 not in	school		264
Number of children between 7 and	16 not i	in school		. 41
(Within Compu	lsory Ag	ge Limits)		
Number of children working betwe	en 14 an	d 16		. 81
Number of children excused from	school o	n physician	's orders	. 12
Number of crippled children				. 3
Number entered school in October		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Number taught at home Number will enter after Christmas				. 3
The carrot area children				- 4

WORK OF MANUAL ARTS PUPILS





WORK OF MANUAL ARTS PUPILS



Nationality of families with children under 16 years of age:

Americans	1,814 Danis	h :	33 Japan	nese	3
Italians				ish	
Colored	292 Frenc			n	
Irish		an	10 Belgi	an	2
Hebrew		lian	9 Yidd	ish	2
German		arian	8 Dutc	h	I
Polish	110 Norw	egian	7 Bohe	mian	I
English	85 Swiss		5 Wels	h	I
Swedish				American	I
Scotch	47 Greek		5		

Respectfully submitted,

MARGARET C. HOLLY.

REPORT OF MEDICAL INSPECTOR

Board of Education, Plainfield, N. J.

GENTLEMEN: Herewith is submitted the report of the work done by the Medical Inspector during the school year of 1915-16:

Pupils examined	
Pupils examined for athletics	478
Visits to schools	750
Visits to rooms	322
Permits granted after contagious diseases	323
Pupils examined for working papers	278
Pupils unvaccinated	860
Cases of enlarged tonsils	178
Cases of adenoids	26
Cases of defective hearing	130
Cases of defective vision	245
Cases of pediculosis capitis	106
Cases of inflamed evelids	25
Cases of divergent strabismus	ī
Cases of convergent strabismus	24
Cases of enlarged glands	238
Cases of anaemia	2
Cases of organic heart disease	6
Cases of functional heart disease	13
Cases of deviated nasal septum	5
Cases of perforated nasal septum	I
Cases of malnutrition	9
Cases of post nasal catarrh	ī
Cases of goitre	I
Cases of spinal curvature	2
Cases of rickets	I
Cases of hunchback	I
Cases of tumor of orbit	I
Cases of cleft palate	3
Cases of eczema	ī
Cases of corneal scar	T
Cases of infantile paralysis	T
Cases of atrophic rhinitis	1
Cases of acute inflammation of middle ear	ī
Cases of disease of spine	

Respectfully submitted,
A. F. VAN HORN, M. D.,

Medical Inspector.

DENTAL SUMMARY, 1915-16

					4	0						
		H.S.	Gr.	Wh.	Fr.	Wa.	Bry.	Lin.	Irv.	Jef.	Op.	Tot'1
	Number examined	019	317	181	617	448	335	395	389	284	85	3634
i. c	Visited dentist	579	271	4	335	252	185	151	216	190	82	2251
i	Good	484	22.I	93	318	220	183	189	181	147	21	2057
	Hair	72	4	94	991	170	92	132	124	82	15	943
	Poor	54	52	32	133	23	3	74	84	55	22	624
÷	Need cleaning	16	4	27	87	25	26	41	42	55	12	540
4	toothbrush	6009	303	104	479	295	298	313	330	256	17	2812
vi,	Use toothbrush daily	540	258	130	319	198	224	211	250	187	22	2339
0 1	Use toothbrush occasionally	69	45	59	001	26	74	102	8	9	24	779
<u></u>	Cavities permanent teeth	9901	787	502	983	785	323	533	774	484	181	6418
o o	Cavities temporary teeth	54	27	26	1665	990	925	0901	1060	692	73	6602
9	Fillings permanent teeth	4028	1200	355	376	231	192	102	882	335	24	7131
10.	Fillings temporary teeth	43	49	200	202	02	228	134	181	183	12	1212
11.	Abscesses	91	19	15	49	30	23	35	43	- 8I	7	255
	Extraction permanent teeth needed	87	54	13	21	45	14	91	20	25	0	325
13.	Extraction temporary teeth needed	13	67	19	238	961	199	23I	199	III	II	1326
4;	Exposed pulps	105	87	8	155	28	77	71	III	50	36	854
.c.	Mai-occiusion	82	19	20	91	24	14	14	12	10	Ŋ	216
0	Not need immediate dental services	233	176	52	153	46	901	8	73	64	13	1060
		-		-	-		-	- Division of the last	-	-		

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION

ORDER OF EXERCISES

Selection From "Princess Pat" Herbert
Invocation
Salutatory Address and Essay Helen Louise Edwards
Address Elmer Burritt Bryan, LL. D.
Selection From "The Blue Paradise" Romberg
Presentation of Rewards Dr. B. Van D. Hedges
For Mathematics (The Dr. C. H. Stillman Prize), Offered by Mr. William M. Stillman
For English Composition (The G. H. Babcock Prize), Offered by Mr. George L. Babcock
For English Composition Offered by the Daily Press
For English Composition Offered by the W. C. T. U.
For English Composition (The Craig A. Marsh Prize), Offered by Mrs. O. T. Waring
For Latin Offered by Mr. Alexander Gilbert
For Commercial Studies, Offered by Mr. E. R. Ackerman
"Somewhere a Voice is Calling" Tate
Valedictory Essay and Address Ellen Agnes Shjarback
Presentation of Diplomas by the President of the Board of Education
March—"Stars and Stripes" Sousa

CLASS OF 1916

Ellen Agnes Shjarback, Valedictorian. Helen Louise Edwards, Salutatorian.

CLASSICAL

Burnett, Mildred Wheeler Coddington, Helen Lawrence, Olive Ellen Lockwood, Marion Lynn, Marion Helen Mutnick, Joseph J. Jr. Nielson, Florence Perry Shaw, Stephana

Bauer, Robert

Borden, Richard

Eggie, Eustace

Dunham, Carlton L.

Linke, Gerald Desmond

Silbert, Doris Peacock, Herbert Ritterbusch, Richmond Hobson Starkweather, Louis Pomeroy Taylor, Charlotte Voorhees, Ruth Suydam Williams, Charles Dickerman

SCIENTIFIC

Neely, Harold M.
Pettit, Francis William
Seal, Harold Schuyler
Trowbridge, Miner
Wheelan, William Leighton

SCIENTIFIC

Allen, Augusta
Applegate, Margaret D.
Blimm, Gertrude Irene
Brentnall, Alice
Cohen, Alice
Eder, Clarence
Finkle, Kathleen Minifie
Gallagher, Joseph A. B.
Geary, Elizabeth
Glover, Edith Katherine
Good, Irma
Hall, Albert Russell
Hamilton, Hildegard Hume
Heideloff, Elizabeth M.

GEN'ERAL

Noonan, James
Peacock, Dorothy Mulliner
Richards, John
Schuck, Sarah Louise
Somlock, Mary
Steidle, Julia Charlotte
Stites, Lila Roberta
Strong, Ethel Hobart
Thomas, Ruth
Terry, Clifford
Victorson, William
Weintrob, Mildred Hannah
Weseman, Helen Lovine

COMMERCIAL

Backer, William Mahaffy Boulter, Florence Gertrude Bremble, Jene Bennett Chickering, Anna Elizabeth Davidson, Samuel Dellehunt, Ruth May Drew, Anna Pearl Edwards, Helen Louise Enander, Ruth Evelyn Kerwin, Agnes Dorothy McDonagh, Nellie M. Moskovitz, Sadye Cecile Murphy, Anna Cecile Peterson, Ida Hannah Poling, Elizabeth Cecelia Rosenson, Ethel Sebring, Viola Shjarback, Ellen Agnes Shrager, Elizabeth Smith. Edna Belle Semer, Samuel Sowden, William Vail, Grace Hemmingway Waldorf, Irma Mildred Weintrob, Leon S.

PRIZE LIST, 1916

Through the generosity of some of the many friends of our school the following prizes are offered for excellence in certain departments of school work and, with the exception of the Alumni Association prizes, the awards are made known at the Commencement exercises.

MATHEMATICS

The Dr. C. H. Stillman Prize, given by Mr. Wm. M. Stillman. First Prize, fifteen dollars in gold; Walter Marder. Second Prize, ten dollars in gold; Howard B. Stelle, Martin McDonough.

ENGLISH COMPOSITION

- I. The George H. Babcock Prize, given by Mr. George L. Babcock, to the pupil of the three upper classes writing the best composition. First Prize, fifteen dollars in books, chosen by the receiver of the prize; Richard Borden—Dictionary, Kipling's Works. Second Prize, ten dollars in books, chosen by the receiver of the prize; Chester Wagner—Temple Edition Shakespeare. Honorable Mention, Cora Bender, Alan Mogenson.
- 2. The Craig A. Marsh Prize, given by Mrs. O. T. Waring, to the pupils of the Freshman Class writing the best compositions. First Prize, ten dollars in gold; Dorothy Roberts. Second Prize, five dollars in gold; Cornelia Lyle. Honorable Mention, Harriet Morgan, Ruth Buxton.
- 3. The W. C. T. U. Prize, for the best essay on a given topic. Prize, five dollars in gold; Caryl Dunavan. Honorable Mention, Charles Todd.
- 4. The Daily Press Prize, for the best essay written on a topic relating to municipal affairs, written by a member of the Senior Class. Prize, ten dollars in gold; Charles Dickerman Williams. Honorable Mention, Marion Helen Lynn.

TRANSLATION PRIZES

Given by Mr. Alexander Gilbert. For the best translation of assigned passages, a first prize of three dollars, and a second prize of two dollars, expended in books, chosen by the receiver of the prize.

1. Vergil. First Prize, Marion Lockwood—Van Dyke's Poems, Cabot's "What Men Live By." Second Prize, Charlotte Taylor—Noyes' Poems, Kipling's Poems. Honorable Mention, Charles Dickerman Williams.

- 2. Cicero. First Prize, Percy Stelle—Mark Twain, "Joan of Arc," Brooks, "Light of the World." Second Prize, Burnham Carter—O. Henry, "Sixes and Sevens," Stevenson, "Merry Men." Honorable Mention, Moses Glasser.
- 3. Cæsar. First Prize, Constance Durrant—O. Henry, 3 vols. Second Prize, Hope Angleman—Kipling's Poems. Honorable Mention, Margaret Mets.

COMMERCIAL PRIZES

Given by Mr. Ernest R. Ackerman. A first prize of three dollars and a second prize of two dollars expended in the purchase of books chosen by the receiver of the prize.

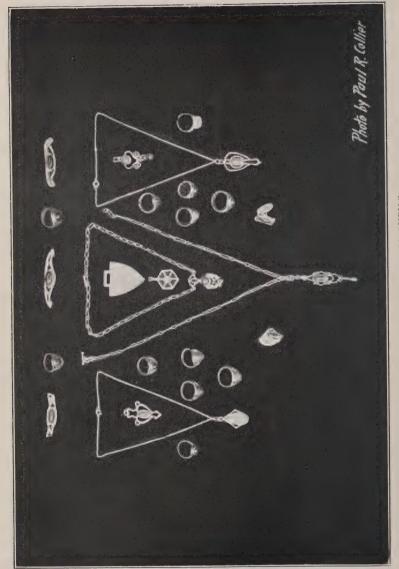
- 1. Amanuensis. First Prize, Florence Boulter—Strong's Bible Concordance. Second Prize, Viola Sebring—Effective Business Letters. Honorable Mention, Fanny Mann.
- 2. Stenography I. First Prize, Percy Stelle—Yesterdays with Authors, Lorna Doone, Kidnapped. Second Prize, Gladys Robinson—Spanish Dictionary. Honorable Mention, Phebe Hermann.
- 3. Bookkeeping I. First Prize, Ellen Harris—Temple Edition Shakespeare, 7 vols. Second Prize, Japheth Banks—The Panama Canal; Clarence Perrine—Last of the Mohicans. Honorable Mention, Irene Weber, Ida Saidel, George Enk, Walter Moor.
- 4. Typewriting I. First Prize, Marion Heymann—Pendennis, John Halifax, Emerson's Essays, Tale of Two Cities. Second Prize, Elsa Palmer—Huckleberry Finn, Innocents Abroad. Honorable Mention, Virginia Sminck, Robert Marsh, Chester Wagner.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUATION

Invocation Rev. Philip B. Strong, D. D.
"The Lord is My Shepherd," Smart, Chorus by Graduating Class
"To the Westward"—Original Essay Louis Steinman
Piano Solo
"A Message From My Garden"—Original Essay, Evelyn Mattison Tennyson
Chorus Selected Chorus (a) "Morning Mood (Peer Gynt)" Grieg (b) "Springtide" Gounod
"The Spirit of Daring"—Original Essay, Grace Henninger Gillihan
Address
Piano Solo
"Training for Citizenship"—Original Essay, Harold Woodburn Wilson
"Training for Citizenship"—Original Essay,
"Training for Citizenship"—Original Essay, Harold Woodburn Wilson Address to Graduates
"Training for Citizenship"—Original Essay, Harold Woodburn Wilson Address to Graduates
"Training for Citizenship"—Original Essay, Harold Woodburn Wilson Address to Graduates
"Training for Citizenship"—Original Essay, Harold Woodburn Wilson Address to Graduates
"Training for Citizenship"—Original Essay, Harold Woodburn Wilson Address to Graduates



WORK OF MANUAL ARTS PUPILS



GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUATES

D. Ralph Starry, Principal

TEACHERS

Miss Florence E. Cooper Miss Myrtle I. Clark Miss Mary L. Searle Miss Julia Louise Post

Miss Florence A. Raguse

Allegar, Alma Marie Augenblick, Moses Apgar, Madeline Clare Anderson, Florence Matilda Alexander, Charles Clerihen Ayers, Herbert Steven Banks, Eunice Bodine, Mabel Rhode Bohl, Charlotte Josephine Brick, Mabel Anne Byles, Dorothy May Bigley, Marian Irene Burns, Madelyn Fay Block, Henrietta Rose Burroughs, Elizabeth Denton Beck, Margaret Rachel Bicknell, Viola Anna Bird, Myrtle Elizabeth Borowitz, Josephine Agnes Boulter, Hilda Gustava Bender, Samuel Abraham Butler, Stella Walbridge Brousse, Paul Raymond Badgér, Kathryn Baker, Albert Skillenger Barrett, Gladys Compton, Ruth Marian Cutillo, Teresina May Creveling, Hazel Caskey, Margaret Augusta Cline, Robert Theodore Calaway, Leonard Joseph Conway, Marguerite Louise Cody, Nicholas Francis Campbell, Carleton Clawson, Elbridge Witter Denison, Hannah Christina Dunn, Delvina Emmaline Davies, Douglas Campbell Delahanty, Mae Anastatia Dunn, John Elwood, Jr. Enander, Ellis Albert Endress, Margaret Anna Epstein, Selda Evelyn Epstein, Meyer Freedman, Oscar Charles Franklin, William Walter Fitzpatrick, Mary Winifred Greenwood, Alice Pauline Gillihan, Grace Henninger Glover, Joseph Wilcox Gerhold, Walter William Gershenson, Samuel Gates, Charles Patterson Green, Charles Henry Goldstein, Robert James Gunzelman, William Hild, Elsie Louise Harrower, Clinton Rudrauff Harper, Adelaide Wickoff Hansen, Albert Hadden, Constance Isabel Hannigan, Henry Hincken, John Cole Hirsch, Jennie Silvie Hoffman, Ruth Louise Hammond, Ruth Beatrice Hansen, Hester Hand, Elmer Frank Hassel, Daniel Herman Hunt, Mary Louise Irwin, Elmira Phyllis Iredell, Caroline Danbree Johnson, Elizabeth Truell Kellaway, Jennie Coddington Kimosko, Anna Mae Kriney, Hattie Elizabeth King, John Joseph Kornfield, Benjamin Lustig, Ruth May Leighs, Elsie May Lyles, Charles Benjamin Loizeaux, Esther Grace McInnes, Christina Meyers, Howard Franklin McQueen, Jack DeMott Marchant, Eleanor Janette Mortimer, Harriet Elizabeth Mutnick, Esther Beatrice McCarthy, Edward Thomas Meyrowitz, Rose Ruth Mullen, Viola Marie Mattis, Marguerite Elizabeth Mosher, Dorothy DeHart Muir, Robert McMaster Martin, Ethel May

Metz, Gladys Mary
Mowen, Charles Leroy
Newell, Ralph Preston
Nash, Dorothy Elizabeth
Neighbour, Frances Marguerite
Nathanson, Solomon Leitman
Nellis, Edwin George
Nolting, Jocelyn Meredith
Naylor, Earnest Albert
Pastor, Daniel S.
Patton, John Bryson
Peck, Mable Brown
Roseberry, Helen Marguerite
Randolph, Charles Clifford
Rice, Helen
Robbins, Albert
Srager, Bessie Rose
Schlick, Henry Jacob
Steinman, David Louis
Stewart, John Frederickson
Scott, Sarah Jane
Schwartz, George Lewis
Semer, Rachel
Simon, Alice Frances
Stover, Kenneth Roland
Symonds, Lester
Searing, Marjorie Pruden
Smith, Cornelia Jeanette
Sutton, Neilson McVickar
Selby, Mary Constance
Schmeyer, Ralph Thurston
Saunders, Elsie
Saunders, Charles Leonard

Shapiro, Maurice David Stites, Gladys Gwendolyn Stoeckle, Edward Franklin Stilwell, Jessie Lea Tofel, Rose Tennyson, Eveleyn Mattison Taylor, Harvey Russel Tomson, Charles E. Trowbridge, C. Allen Thames, Erastus Jr. Tyler, Alanson Ranger Van Winkle, Dorothy Bird Vail, Leslie Edwards Vogel, Edward William Vail, Florence Elsie Voorhees, Kenneth Garrison Williams, Martha Hall Weinstein, Leo Wernig, Elizabeth Pinketon Westergard, Manfred Wilson, Harold Woodburn Watkins, Joseph Henry Wisniewski, Florence Josephine Walls, Edith Jessie Wahler, Edith Weintrob, Sadye Sarah Wilmerding, Hamilton Bache Waglow, Florence Lillian Waldorf, Edmund Harris Warren, Donald Watkins, Violet May. Wilson, Ethel May

SPECIAL SEVENTH GRADE

Pupils who were promoted from the Seventh Grade to the High School in 1915 and have maintained their standing in the High School.

Saidel, Ida Gulick, Marguerite Angleman, Sydney Banks, Japheth Hunting, Everett Larabee, Kenneth Moyer, Warren Snyder, William Vail, Ellis Whitford, Harold Marshall, Laurence

LIST OF TEACHERS, 1915-16

WITH YEAR OF APPOINTMENT

HENRY M. MAXSON, Superintendent, 1892

HIGH SCHOOL

Lindsey Best, Principal	Lillian Engstrand 1913 John C. Evans 1912 Katherine F. Fox 1915 Almira Gifford 1912 Ariadne Gilbert 1904 Adolphus W. Hauck 1912 Roy W. Lord 1912 Cornelia Lounsbury 1912 Cornelia Lounsbury 1912 Phebe Lovell 1902 Anne K. Miller 1909 John G. Noll 1915 Ralph S. Patch 1913 Nellie M. Waterbury 1914 Ruth I. Wean 1915 Miriam E. West 1913 Clarence L. Woodman 1914 George W. Wriston 1912
Grammar	School
D. Ralph Starry, Principal1915 Mary L. Searle1904 Katherine M. Beebe1906 Myrtle I. Clark1911 Florence E. Cooper1913 Dorothy S. Putnam	Julia L. Post 1912 Eleanor T. Wilbur 1895 Isabelle G. Ross 1907 Dorothy M. Tate 1913 Anastasia Griffin 1913
WHITTIER	School
Mabel C . Trenbath1912 Carrie M. Davis1912 Mildred C. Beard .	Agnes A. Cheever
Opportunity	CLASSES
Helga Johnson	Lester H. Dix1914 Elsie F. Schmidt1915
Franklin	SCHOOL
Noel J. Bullock, Principal 1885 Rebea L. White	Gertrude M. Slocum 1910 Fanny Beckwith 1908 Frances K. Brokaw 1914 Mariette Baldwin 1910 Mary E. Wilkins 1909 Caroline A. Barber 1887 Merle F. Randolph 1914 Elizabeth T. Angell 1899 Mary Radford 1914 Mary Clarke 1913

Washingto	N School
Frederick W. Cook, Principal. 1915 M. J. Skillings 1910 Helen Osborne 1911 Lilla F. Bateman 1908 Alice C. Stevens 1911 Charlotte E. Norris 1914 Sadie Tiffany 1912 Viola Garda	Louise Palen 1913 Jean Gilfillan 1906 Mayme Breads 1905 Julia L. Brandt 1912 Sarah Watrous 1912 Evelyn Fisher 1909 Elizabeth A. Fowler 1912 1915
Byrant S	SCHOOL "
Flora Griffin, Principal 1892 Martha Klein 1909 Cassia Cooper 1910 Geneva G. Cowen 1905 Helen Whitton 1906 Ervel Bryans 1914 Lucia N. Wood	Jessie Phelps 1911 Kate Marsh 1903 Minnie Frazee 1913 Cora F. Cadmus 1891 Frances Weed 1905 Bertha Nelson 1913 1889
Lincoln	SCHOOL
Carolyn B. Lee	Grace Clapsaddle 1912 Addie D. Eastman 1906 Mary L. Marsh 1905 Clara L. Crane 1905 Ethel M. Loiselle 1913 J. Elizabeth Hopkins 1915
IRVING S	CHOOL
Genevieve Petrie, Principal. 1888 Elizabeth M. Webber 1912 Mary C. Brodie 1911 Elizabeth E. Greenleaf 1909 Anna S. Holden 1913 Alice A. Lee 1890 Ada H. Clarke 1899 Mary J. Dennis 1902	Alice G. Barrett 1909 Marion B. Forbes 1911 Harriet Filmer 1891 Georgia A. Ricker 1903 Elizabeth S. White 1902 Elsie M. Cook 1913 Laura E. Hellegas 1914 Sarah E. Coyle 1913
Jefferson	School
Alys Trenbath 1911 Wilhelmina Brodie 1912 Hilda Johnson 1912 Anna W. Booraem 1876	Marjorie Barbour 1908 Theresa A. Fisher 1905 Ethel M. Sleight 1909 Nellie Gonyea 1912
Special Su	PERVISORS
Anna J. Bennett1897 Ruth Sadler1910	Addie P. Jackson1904 Charles L. Lewis1896
Manual 7	Training
Arthur F. Hopper, Supervisor 1915 Alice M. Lindsley 1914 Lucile Jackson 1914 Mary E. Decker 1907	Ruth Klein
Open Air	CLASS

Bernice Beatman1915

ENROLLMENT OF PUPILS, 1915-16

SCHOOL	GRADE	BOYS	GIRLS	TOTAL
HIGH SCHOOL				
Dorothea E. Bull	Senior Junior Junior Junior Sophomore Sophomore Sophomore Sophomore Sophomore Sophomore Freshman Freshman Freshman Freshman Freshman Freshman Freshman Freshman Freshman	20 14 22 25 16 11 16 22 21 19 17 21 17 20 29 23 8 22	26 - 29 25 25 30 11 22 20 24 21 26 17 27 26 17	46 43 47 50 46 22 38 42 45 40 43 38 44 46 46 23 48 42
GRAMMAR				
Julia L. Post Myrtle I. Clark Florence Cooper Mary L. Searle Florence Raguse Isabelle G. Ross Anastasia Griffin Eleanor T. Wilbur Dorothy M. Tate	Eighth Eighth Eighth Eighth Seventh Seventh	20 21 24 16 17 23 19 19	15 23 15 24 29 21 19 23 27	35 44 39 40 46 44 38 42 41
WHITTIER				
Mabel C. Trenbath Agnes A. Cheever Harriet Humphrey Mildred C. Beard Carrie M. Davis	Sixth Sixth Sixth	13 23 23 25 29	22 22 27 21 18	35 45 50 46 47
STILLMAN				
Helga Johnson Sara A. Dwight Elsie F. Schmidt Neva M. Harmon Lester H. Dix	Opportunity Opportunity Opportunity	15 0 12 1 10	0 13 0 11	15 13 12 12
FRANKLIN				
Clara J. Churton Rebea L. White Anastatia O'Neill Helen C. Trenbath Caroline G. Borton	Fifth Fifth Fourth	18 13 15 20 28	13 20 21 17 19	31 33 36 37 47

SCH00L	GRADE	BOYS	GIRLS	TOTAL
Anna Stillman	Fourth	17	21	38
Frances B. Nischwitz		24	19	43
Frances I. Kinne	Third	14	30	44
Mary Chick	Third	25	20	45
Fanny L. Beckwith	Second	25	21	46
Gertrude M. Slocum		17	29	46
Frances K. Brokaw		25	21	46
Merle F. Randolph		II	19	30
Mariette Baldwin		2I -0	16	37
Mary E. Wilkins		18	23	41
Caroline A. Barber		20 II	24 8	44
Mary Radford		20	_	19
wary Radiord	Kindergarten	20	17	37
WASHINGTON				
M. J. Skillings	Seventh	18	17	35
Lilla F. Bateman	Sixth	24	15	39
Helen S. Osborne		19	16	35
Alice C. Stevens		19	19	38
Charlotte Norris		15	16	31
Sadie Tiffany Louise Palen		18 21	19 20	37 41
Jean Gilfillan	Third	23	25	48
Mayme Breads	Second	24	20	44
Julia Brandt	Second	24	22	46
Sarah Watrous		25	28	53
Evelyn Fisher	Kindergarten	25	30	55
Bernice Beatman	Open Air	9	10	19
BRYANT				
Martha Klein	Fifth	16	26	42
Cassia Cooper		17	25	42
Geneva G. Cowen		21	23	44
Helen Whitton		16	25	41
Ervel Bryans		23 18	21	44
Jessie Phelps		23	25 22	43 45
Kate M. Marsh		22	20	42
Minnie T. Frazee	First	25	16	
Cora F. Cadmus	Kindergarten	39	46	41 85
LINCOLN				
	TV 6.1	0		
Carolyn B. Lee		18	26	44
Myrtle Reynolds Elizabeth H. Dodd		25 16	13 19	38
Allie T. Eastman		25	20	35 45
Louise Egan		10	26	45
Evelyn Huff	Second	18	19	37
Grace Clapsaddle		20	14	34
Mary L. Marsh		19	23	42
J. Elizabeth Hopkins		18	20	38
Clara L. Crane		23 18	22 33	45 51
Bertha M. Nelson		21	18	39
				09

SCHOOL	GRADE	BOYS	CIRI.S	TOTAL
	OKADE	1015	GIRLS	IOIAL
IRVING				
Elizabeth Webber	Seventh	20	20	40
Mary Brodie	Sixth	23	20	43
Elizabeth Greenleaf		25	21	46
Annie S.Holden	Fourth	27	15	42
Alice A. Lee		16	19	35
Ada H. Clarke		18	18	36
Mary J. Dennis		17	13	30
Alice G. Barrett		16	23	39
Marion B. Forbes		21	15	36
Harriet Filmer		21	15	36
Georgia Ricker		27	21	48
Elizabeth White		22	16	38
Elsa Cook		13	13	26
Sarah Coyle	Special	7	8	15
JEFFERSON				
Alys Trenbath		19	7	26
Wilhelmina Brodie		17	25	42
Hilda Johnson		30	17	47
Anna W. Booraem		23	25	48
Marjorie Barbour		20	26	46
Theresa Fisher		19	25	44
Ethel M. Sleight		20	35	55
Nellie M. Gonyea	Kindergarten	20	39	59

ENROLLMENT BY GRADES

	Total	2056	2217	2352	2499	2453	2550	2097	2715	2799	290I	2988	3025	3130	3183	3302	3502	3034	3818	4017	4128	43II	4485
12	Graduates			20																			
SCHOOL	Senior	34	22	13	91	22	25	50	31	31	30	25	49	49	39	4	4	29	20,	8	85	114	8
HIGH S	Toinul	24	54	23	22	26	24	35	43	55 55	52	52	39	64	40	20	82	20	83	901	115	106	143
H	Sophomore	36	80	50.	56	36	50	8,	000	63	8	65	82	800	82	8	8	66	121	136	173	207	230
	Freshman	71	200	63	77	3	82	IOI	200	103	113	113	118	140	140	150	158	203	230	262	200	207	287
	×	89	3.6	82	77	82	72	71	40	37	4	47	:										
	VIII	8	121	127	IOI	811	95	73	100	122	125	127	137	124	121	147	891	181	88I	204	221	224	204
-	VII	172	120	116	154	142	140	121	175	156	189	163	146	185	201	215	214	250	287	311	277	260	266
	VI	121	139	166	163	174	192	199	165	164	170	IOI	250	255	257	320	351	316	332	310	217	265	382
	>	182	182	172	180	211	215	283	278	285	248	317	208	304	326	316	243	402	368	240	200	270	390
S	IV	178	XX 1	202	344	316	33I	292	317	333	320	800	301	321	338	335	422	202	275	0/0 4TO	260	200	442
GRADES	III	221	253	200	237	272	268	311	301	256	273	200	317	332	340	720	27,7	262	2000	417	417	430	467
5	II	761	290	338	267	277	310	280	277	310	28,	20 E	306	711	307	407	412	416	280	200	402	404	500
	Н	594	504	455	404	714	200	747	ר ה ה	200	277	000	527	200	164 164	1001	2	104	200	4/0	535	522	552
	Kindergarten	57	82	211	245	207	1000	277	36,7	276	210	227	2000	2000	222	200	340	545	400	421	450	400	415
	Special										90	200					TC	77	0	53	23	200	18
	πiΑ n∍qΟ																					-	13
		1803- 4.	1894- 5.	1895- 6.	1890-7-	1897- 0.	1000- 9.	1000-1	roor	1901- 2.	1902- 3.	1903 -4.	1904- 5.	1905- 0.	1900- /-	1907- 6.	1900- 9.	1909-10.	1910-111.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15. 1915-16.



WORK OF MANUAL ARTS PUPILS



ENROLLMENT, ATTENDANCE, TARDINESS, ETC., 1915-16

-10	- Average Tardi- liquq rəq szən	1.92
01-0161	7 Tardimer of Target of Targinesses Target of Targinesses	7593
E.I.C.,	Per Cent. of Attendance	8
	Artendance Attendance	3488
PAINDINESS	Arerage Membership 4 4 4 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	3962
THI	Тоtal number Бигоlled Бигоlled	4485
COL,	Number Girls Enrolled Enrolled	2297
TONINGE,	X 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2188
	Number of Teachers 25 7 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	141
	Number of Classrooms $\otimes_{\mathcal{O}} \mathbb{Z} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}} \mathbb{Z} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}} \mathbb{Z} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}} \mathbb{Z}$	113
	High School Grammar School Whittier School Franklin School Washington School Bryant School Lincoln School Irving School Jefferson School Jefferson School Opportunity Classes	

TOTAL ENROLLMENT BY AGES

		110	21
ST	19 уеа	262	53
LS	18 yea	59	133
LS	17 yea	85	207
	16 yea	136	276
LS	15 yea	166	318
LS	ıt yea	170	334
11	13 Yea	195	369
ST S	is yea	191	334
LS I	11 Aes	171	360
ILS	10 yea	177	365
1	д уса	197	389
SILS	8 year	213	420
LS	7 year	192	423
LS	e year	154	326
SJ	2 Aesi	852	157
		1 ::	1:
		1::	:
		Boys	Total

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT

43I	1	185
,		Total4485
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High School 749	Grammar 1242	Primary



Just wait till you see us
Grown women and men,
You'll be glad that you gave us
This Open Air School then;
For so strong and so mighty
Each one of us will be
That we'll do it for Plainfield.
Just wait and you'll see!

